

the territory both on and below the border will continue.

Large supplies of lumber for tent flooring, tent stoves, winter clothing, and water-heating apparatus, have been collected at quarter-masters' supply depots in the Southern Department for several months past in readiness for troops who will remain on the border throughout the winter.

The belief that the regular army will be sufficient for border patrol is further strengthened by the opinion of many officers that to keep a large force there would encourage Carranza to neglect his share of the patrol work. There is considerable belief in the department that as much of the expense and work of guarding the border should be born by General Carranza as is possible, since the danger of banditry comes from the Mexican and not the American side.

## SAYS GERMAN WILL NOT BOW TO ALLIES

Editor of Cologne Gazette Declares Nation Will Not Be "Knocked Out."

(Continued from First Page.)

cattle. She must protect her industries so she will not be the event of another war without outside aid if necessary.

Third—Germany must consider her international position and must have colonies.

Fourth—Germany must retain her post for the remainder of the war, despite the attacks of her critics. Field Marshal von Hindenburg, he feels, is the key to the whole situation, and so long as Hindenburg and the Kaiser join with Hindenburg-Hörsing in opposing unlimited submarine warfare it will not be renewed.

### All for Tirpitz.

Nearly every big industrial leader in the Rhine valley industrial center, which is Germany's Pittsburgh, favors ruthless submarine warfare, regardless of the interests of the United States.

Chancellor von Bethmann-Hörsing faces the opposition of the industrial interests of both the Rhine and Westphalia provinces, hot beds of Von Tirpitzism.

These interests believe that, though they may not convince the government now, they will later. They are now centering their hopes on winning Field Marshal von Hindenburg to their side.

"The war must be fought to a finish," says the Westfälische Zeitung, which fairly represents the sentiment of the district in this respect. "Either Germany or England must win, and the interests here on the Rhine are ready to fight until Germany wins."

### Operation Necessary.

August Thyssen, Germany's Carnegie, declared in an interview at Homburg-Rhine that since England is still the great sea power, it was necessary for Germany to operate submarines along the American and Canadian coasts to overcome this advantage.

"It can be imagined that this is uncomfortable for America, but it must be remembered we are at war with Canada, and this is one means of ending the war," said Thyssen. "We can't always make war on America."

"Do you think Germany wants war with America?" he was asked.

"Never," was the emphatic response. "First, because we have no need of it; and second, because in peace times our relations with America are always most friendly, and we want them to continue so after the war. We are always most sympathetic toward America. The world interests of both countries will develop through peace."

Thyssen is an intimate friend of the Kaiser. Before the war he often met Judge Gary, of the United States Steel Corporation, and his son, Fritz, studied the Pittsburgh steel and coal industries. He is one of the few industrial leaders who oppose Admiral von Tirpitz.

### SECRETRY LANSING TO LAY CORNERSTONE

Secretary of State Lansing will officiate at the laying of the cornerstone for the new building to be erected as a home for the Mt. Vernon Seminary, 1100 M street northwest. The ceremony is the oldest private school for girls in Washington.

The exercises will take place Monday at 4 o'clock p. m. Mrs. Robert Lansing, wife of the Secretary, is a graduate of the school, and is keenly interested in its future.

### THE WEATHER REPORT.

Forecast for District of Columbia and Maryland—Fair tonight and probably tomorrow; warmer tomorrow; moderate shifting winds, becoming south.

For Virginia—Fair tonight and probably light frost in interior; tomorrow fair; warmer in interior; moderate northeast winds; fresh on coast today.

TEMPERATURES.  
(U. S. Bureau.)

8 a. m.	48
9 a. m.	51
10 a. m.	53
11 a. m.	55
12 noon.	55
1 p. m.	56

TIDE TABLE.  
(U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.)

High tides: 10:05 a. m., height 2.8.  
19:17 p. m., height 3.1.

Low tides: 4:16 a. m., height 0.4.  
4:27 p. m., height 0.1.

SUN AND MOON TABLE.  
Sun rose: 6:16 Sun sets: 5:31  
Moon rises: 7:21 p. m. Moon sets: 10:40 a. m.

Light automobile lamps at 6:01 p. m.

### QUICK RELIEF FROM CONSTIPATION

Get Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That is the joyful cry of thousands since Dr. Edwards produced Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards, a practicing physician for 17 years and calomel's old-time enemy, discovered the formula for Olive Tablets while treating patients for chronic constipation and torpid livers.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do not contain calomel, but a healing, soothing vegetable laxative.

No griping is the "kick" of these little sugar-coated, olive-colored tablets. They cause the bowels and liver to act normally. They never force them to unnatural action.

If you have a "dark brown mouth" now and then—a bad breath—a dull, tired feeling—sick headache—torpid liver and are constipated, you'll find quick, sure and only pleasant results from one or two little Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets at bedtime.

Thousands take one or two every night just to keep right. Try them. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

## DEMOCRATS BLAMED BY STEENERSON FOR HIGH COST OF LIVING

Gasoline, Print Paper, and Food Prices Increased, Says Minnesota Congressman.

Arraigning the Democratic party for its failure to reduce the high cost of living, as the party promised in the 1912 campaign, the national Republican Congressional committee issued a statement here today embodying an interview with Congressman Halvor Steenerson, Republican, of Minnesota.

Increased prices on gasoline, print paper, binder twine, foodstuffs, and other articles are cited by Mr. Steenerson as examples of unfulfilled Democratic pledges. The Administration of the opposition party, he says, has been extravagant, and its laws have not met the high cost of living issue.

### Charges Binder Twine Trust.

Mr. Steenerson declares this Government has permitted the formation of a Binder Twine trust in Mexico. The trust, he asserts, was financed in the United States with the approval of the State Department, "and in the State of Minnesota alone more than 1,000,000 farmers are forced to pay increased prices for twine. It means an extra tax of at least 10 cents an acre."

Congressman Steenerson says the representative in this country of the Mexican twine monopoly, controlling the world's supply, is Norman Lind, son of John Lind. The latter was sent as President Wilson's personal representative to Mexico nearly two years ago.

### Millions of Citizens Pay.

Continuing Mr. Steenerson says: "The high price of gasoline, which affects the owner of every automobile in the country, as well as all business houses which use gasoline trucks, has affected every newspaper and publication in the United States, particularly the cost of the smaller newspapers; the high price of binder twine, which is costing the farmers millions of dollars—all these increased expenses affecting millions of citizens and costing them billions of unnecessary expense, is due to the Wilson Administration and the Democratic party."

"The Democratic party promised economy, and gave us extravagance. It promised lower cost of living, but it has gone up, and is still going up. It promised to curb monopoly, but the Democrats have pulled the teeth out of the anti-trust law by the Clayton act, to such an extent that we are now in the grip of some of the most rapacious trusts in the world."

"Who's to blame for this? The Government, to prosecute them for violating the anti-trust law the Department of Justice could not find sufficient evidence. The Bureau of Mines and the Federal Trade Commission investigated the subject and reported there was no natural or economic cause for the increase in prices, and it must be due to monopolization."

### Funeral Is Arranged For Boyer C. Wolff

The body of Boyer C. Wolff, former Washingtonian, who was shot by a negro cotton picker on a plantation of which he was manager at Lobdell, Miss., Thursday, will be buried at Graycourt, S. C., his birthplace, tomorrow.

Word of the shooting was contained in a telegram received yesterday by Gen. J. H. Brinker, superintendent of documents at the Government Printing Office. Mr. Wolff's father-in-law, General Brinker said this morning the message he received gave no details of the shooting, which occurred while the men were working in the fields Thursday.

The body is being accompanied to Graycourt by Mrs. Wolff and Mr. and Mrs. Lamar Ross, of Mississippi. Mr. Ross is a nephew of the late Chief Justice Lamar, and is related to Wolff by marriage.

Mr. Wolff, who was about thirty-three years old, came to Washington a number of years ago and accepted a position in the Department of Agriculture. Later he was employed by the Southern Railway. Four years ago he married General Brinker's daughter, and the couple went to Mississippi to manage the Ross plantation. Last January they moved to the plantation at Lobdell, owned by a family named Gray.

The couple had no children. Mr. Wolff's father, mother, and two sisters live at Graycourt.

## Says Correspondents In Berlin Are Muzzled And All News Garbled

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The German censorship absolutely will not permit unbiased war news to be sent from Germany to the United States or any other neutral country. Unprejudiced American correspondents find it almost impossible to send the whole truth to their newspapers. They can send only news favorable to Germany.

These are the principal statements in the latest installment of the report of D. Thomas Curtin, of Boston, printed in the Times, on what he found during a considerable stay in Germany. Mr. Curtin names various American correspondents in Germany and tells what sort of reports they are sending and how they are treated by the German government.

After giving a detailed account of the personality and activities of two correspondents, Karl H. Von Wiegand, of the New York World, and William Bayard Hale, of the International News Service, who, he says, are pampered and given every attention by the German officials, Mr. Curtin says the American correspondents generally are made to cut a humiliating figure, although not all of them realize it.

"Notorious," he writes, "that they are spied upon day and night, and sometimes even ruthlessly snubbed by the German officials. For instance, when the merchant submarine Deutschland returned to Bremen on August 23 the American correspondents were invited to Bremen to see the triumphal arrival, after which a luxurious banquet had been provided at the Rathaus for the assembled bigwigs. The Americans saw the arrival of the Deutschland all right, but were excluded from the banquet. Instead they were provided with a separate dinner at a neighboring tavern. Many of them were so disgusted that they took the first train back to Berlin, ignoring the tavern feast."

### Shackled by Authorities.

"Several American correspondents, including Messrs. Conger and Powers of the Associated Press; Cyril Browne, of the New York Times, and Carl W. Ackermann, of the United Press, are honestly trying to practice independent journalism, but it is a difficult, almost a hopeless struggle. They are shackled and controlled in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

"All that they are permitted to report is that portion of the truth which reflects Germany in the light in which it is useful for Germany to appear. Germany has organized the sending of news to neutrals in the most intricate fashion. A certain kind of news is doled out to the United States, and a totally different kind to Spain, Switzerland, Brazil, and China. The motto of the German war press bureau is 'All the news we think fit to print.'"

"In order to understand the importance the Germans attach to the possibility of forcing the United States to intervene against England it is necessary to realize the extraordinary measures that are taken regarding the American correspondents," Mr. Curtin writes. "They are now practically imprisoned in Germany. It is on up that the Germans rely to stir up war feeling in the United States, and it is imperative that the conditions under which they work should be understood in order to appreciate the situation."

## Hazen Opposes Playground Plan

Takes Issue With Brightwood Citizens on Treatment of Big Reservoir S'te.

Melvin Hazen, District surveyor and others of his conferees in the local government who are fostering the plan to develop a mammoth playground in Rock Creek park north of Sixteenth street reservoir took issue today with all meeting of the Brightwood Citizens' Association last night.

The resolution in question, introduced by William Ramsey, a member of the association, favored establishment of a bandstand and playground south of the reservoir and west of Sixteenth street but opposed the race course and baseball grounds proposed by the District officials.

"We want a playground that is not for any particular element or class," declared Mr. Hazen today, in speaking of the resolution introduced by Mr. Ramsey. "There are scores of people who ride horses and hundreds who like to see them run. There are also other hundreds who like to play and watch baseball."

### Race Course Minor Feature.

"How many thousands have been entertained right on the site on which we propose to construct this playground at annual Fourth of July celebrations. Then again the race course and baseball diamond are only minor features of the plan. They will interfere in no way, nor mar the beauty of the landscape with respect to the pleasure of those interested in other sports. There will be no admission fees. It is out of the question on a Government reservation."

"What we are striving for is a marked-out course for municipal horse shows and affairs to be given in the future, not for a professional race track, which would bring an undesirable element to the community. The fact is the race course phase of the plan has been overestimated and certain persons in the neighborhood are labeling us in an erroneous impression of the plan."

### Commissioner Kutz Speaks.

Engineer Commissioner Charles W. Kutz was the principal speaker at the meeting of the association. He urged development of Rock Creek Park as a playground for the people of the District, and defended the special assessment principle for street improvements, declaring that the principle was decidedly American and in almost universal use in American cities.

Commissioner Kutz was introduced by Louis P. Shoemaker, president of the association, and Judge Charles S. Bundy.

The association passed resolutions endorsing the action taken by the Columbia Heights Citizens' Association against the Boardland amendment, and appointed a committee to co-operate in the fight on the amendment. Jesse L. Ergood, of the committee of schools, reported that reports on the Brightwood school, which were supposed to have been made by the Board of Education, had not as yet been made. The committee was instructed to take the matter up with the board.

By unanimous vote, the association endorsed the action of its committee favoring establishment of the Federal armor plant in the District. W. Norris and the Rev. Frank M. Richardson were elected to membership.

### The Stone Bungalow de Lux.

On Montague street, near 15th St. residence is warm in cool weather, 9-room house, 32 feet wide, lot 50 feet. —Adv't.

## THOUSAND MORE GO ON STRIKE IN JERSEY

Workers at Standard Oil Plant at Linden Walk Out—Big Guard Is Called.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Oct. 14.—Nearly a thousand men are on strike at the Linden plant of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey today. The police have been called upon to guard the big properties, and a large detail has been sent out.

BAYONNE, N. J., Oct. 14.—Convinced they have broken the strike of several thousand oil workers, in which three persons have been killed and scores injured, Bayonne officials planned today to turn the workers back to their tasks through an entirely new departure in the handling of such situations.

A monster meeting of strikers and those who refused to take chances of violence by staying on the job was called for this morning by Commissioner of Public Safety Henry Wilson.

Wilson planned to address the strikers on a big open plain known as "The Flats," to tell them the strike is broken and that he has the promise of the companies that all will be given back their places.

The plan admittedly was an experiment, and despite the claim that police would stay on the job armed with rifle or automatic, when the workers started for "The Flats," in the heart of the strike zone.